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(51) Title: GUIDE SUPPORT FOR A TUBE BENDING MACHINE

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(37) Abstract: The invention relates to a guide support for a tube bending machine (1), comprising a baseframe (2), a bending head (3), a bending arm (1), a bending roller (9), a bending jaw (12) for the bending of a tube (5), and sliding means (15, 16) for the displacement of the bending head (3) in the horizontal and vertical directions with relation to the baseframe (2), comprising at least two guides (28, 29) the recesses of which are arranged in opposite directions with relation to the position of the tube (5) for the bending and guiding and displacement means (18, 19, 23, 24) for the guides (28, 29) of the bending head (5) (continues on next page) [Translator's Note] On next page is the French text of above translation.

GUIDE SUPPORT FOR A TUBE BENDING MACHINE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a guide support for tube bending machines and, more particularly, to a guide support for tube bending machines that [[allow]] <u>allows</u> the bending of a tube either to the left, in a so-called clockwise direction, or to the right, in a so-called counterclockwise direction.

DESCRIPTION OF RELATED ART

When bending To bend a tube in a clockwise direction, [[the]] <u>a</u> bending arm rotates from the right to the left around [[the]] <u>a</u> bending [[arm]] <u>head</u>.

When bending To bend a tube in a counterclockwise direction, [[the]] a bending arm rotates from the left to the right around [[the]] a bending [[arm]] head.

[[In]] French patent application No. 0118593, in the name of the applicant, was disclosed discloses a tube bending machine having as object the possibility to bend the same for bending a tube either to the left or to the right by means of a bending roller mounted to the bending arm.

[[The]] <u>Further</u>, a tube bending machine described in [[the]] French patent application No. 116593 comprises:

- a stationary framework provided along its longitudinal axis with a guide rail on which slides
 a movable carriage rigidly secured to a bushing that provides through the action of an internal
 clamping chuck the guiding and the immobilization of a tube for bending, in either a
 rotational or in a translational motion;
- at one of its extremities a bending head, a bending roller and a bending arm that rotates around the vertical axis XX' of the bending head for the forming of the tube;
- a bending arm provided with a chuck jaw support that travels horizontally in the direction of
 the bending head, being said chuck jaw support rigidly secured to a clamping jaw that is
 provided with at least one jaw for the bending of the tube in a clockwise direction and with at

least one jaw for the bending of the tube in a counterclockwise direction, which jaws are stationary with respect to each other;

- a bending roller that is mounted on the bending arm and is provided with at least one jaw for the bending of the tube in a clockwise direction and with at least one jaw for the bending of the tube in a counterclockwise direction, being said jaws laterally staggered with respect to each other, and on side and the other of the vertical axis XX' of the bending head;
- a first guide support that comprises at least one jaw for the tight support of the tube at the time of the bending in a clockwise direction;
- and a second guide support that comprises at least one jaw for the tight support of the tube at the time of the bending in a counterclockwise direction.

It can be noticed that As such, the above-described tube bending machine disclosed in French patent application No. 116593 comprises two guide supports to effectuate the bending of the tube in a clockwise and a counterclockwise direction, respectively.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The guide support in accordance with the present invention provides for the simplification and the replacement of the first and second guide supports by enabling [[that]] bending to be effectuated in clockwise and counterclockwise directions.

The guide support in accordance with the present invention can be built for and installed on any type of tube bending machine.

The guide support in accordance with the present invention comprises at least two guides whose respective recesses are arranged in opposite directions with respect to the position of [[the]] <u>a</u> tube for bending and two guiding and displacement means for the guides on the bending head.

The guide support in accordance with the present invention comprises an element guided in a horizontal motion on a plate rigidly secured to the bending head. The element includes the guiding means on a first surface and the and opposite to the guiding means provided with at least two guides arranged parallel to each other on a second opposite surface.

The guide support element in accordance with the present invention comprises an element provided on its upper surface, and following a direction perpendicular to that of the guiding means, with further includes parallel rails on the second, opposite surface, each of which each

interacts with a guide.

The guide support in accordance with the present invention comprises a first guide that is provided with a partially cylindrical recess [[whose]] <u>having an</u> internal diameter depends on that <u>corresponds to an outer diameter</u> of [[the]] <u>a</u> tube to be held during its bending between the other jaws of [[the]] <u>a</u> clamping jaw <u>during bending</u>.

The guide support in accordance with the present invention comprises a second [[Guide]] guide provided with a partially cylindrical recess [[whose]] having an internal diameter depends on that corresponds to an outer diameter of [[the]] a tube to be held during its bending between the other jaws of [[the]] a clamping jaw during bending.

The guide support in accordance with the present invention is provided with guides that are immobilized on the rails in such a manner that their respective recesses are arranged in opposite directions with respect to [[the]] <u>a</u> horizontal axis of the <u>tube bending</u> machine, embodied by the tube.

The guide support in accordance with the present invention is provided with guides that enable to effectuate on the same bending machine either a left, or counterclockwise, bending or a right, or clockwise, bending to be effectuated on the same bending machine.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWINGS

The below description with respect to the attached illustrations, given by way of example but not limitative limiting, allows a better understanding of the invention, its characteristics and the advantages it is likely to offer:

- FIG. 1 is a perspective view illustrating a tube bending machine comprising [[the]] a guide support according to the present invention.
- FIG. 2 is perspective view showing in detail the bending head of [[the]] a tube bending machine provided with the guide support according to the present invention.
- FIG. 3 is a perspective view showing in detail the guide support according to the present invention.

FIGS. 4 to 7 are perspective [[view]] <u>views</u> showing the different stages of the bending machine in effectuating by means of the guide support, according to the present invention, [[a]] bending following <u>a tube in</u> a counterclockwise direction, given that the <u>where a</u> bending arm rotates from [[the]] left to [[the]] right around the bending head.

FIGS. 8 to 10 are perspective views showing the different stages of the bending machine in effectuating by means of the guide support, according to the present invention, [[a]] bending following a tube in a clockwise direction, given that the where a bending arm rotates from [[the]] right to [[the]] left around the bending head.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

As shown in [[In]] FIGS. 1 to 3, are illustrated a bending machine 1 of which the having a stationary framework 2 is provided at one of its extremities ends with a bending head 3, around which rotates a bending arm 4 for [[the]] forming of [[the]] a tube 5, be it in either a clockwise or in a counterclockwise direction.

Opposite the bending head 3 and along its longitudinal axis, the framework 2 comprises a carriage 6 which, depending on the type of the bending machine, can move either towards to toward or away from the bending head 3.

The carriage 6 comprises fastening means 7 for [[the]] receiving and securing [[of]] the tube 5 in order to move it horizontally and in a rotational manner around its axis.

The bending arm 4 comprises a grip support 8 that moves horizontally in the direction of the bending head 3.

The bending arm 4 is rigidly secured to a bending roller 9 constituting to provide a fastening device of a clamping jaw 12 provided with at least one jaw 10, 11 of different bending radii.

The clamping jaw 12 is provided on the grip support 8 of the bending arm 4 with at least one jaw 13, 14 for the purpose of interacting with the jaws 10, 11, respectively, of the bending roller 9.

The bending head 3 is provided with sliding means 15, 16 <u>for</u> allowing the traveling of the bending head 3 <u>to travel</u> in horizontal and vertical directions, respectively, with respect to the stationary framework 2.

Thus, the bending head 3 can travel actuated by the sliding means 15 allow the bending head 3 to travel in horizontal directions from the left to the right, and inversely vice versa, with respect to the framework 2.

Likewise, the bending head 3 can travel, actuated by sliding means 16 allow the bending head 3 to travel in, following vertical directions from the top downwards downwardly, and inversely vice versa, with respect to the framework 2.

Depending on the programming of the bending machine 1, the jaws 10, 13 and 11, 14 of the clamping jaw 12 can effectuate, by way of example, the bending of the tube 5 according to different curvature radii in a clockwise direction.

Also depending on the programming of the bending machine 1, the jaws 10, 13 and 11, 14 of the clamping jaw 12 can effectuate, by way of example, the bending of the tube 5 according to different curvature radii in a counterclockwise direction.

Lastly, depending on the programming of the bending machine 1, the jaws 10, 13 of the clamping jaw 12 can effectuate the bending of the tube 5 according to a curvature radius in a counterclockwise direction, while the jaws 11, 14 of the clamping jaw 12 effectuate the bending of the tube 5 according to a curvature radius either identical to or different from the one previously formed but in a clockwise direction.

Between [[its]] the sliding means 15 and 16, the bending head 3 is provided with a horizontal plate 17 comprising parallel guide rails 18, 19 for the sliding of a guide support 20.

The guide support 20 can travel in a horizontal direction in such a manner as to move towards to toward or away from the clamping jaw 12 of the bending machine 1.

The sliding of the guide support 20 in direction towards toward the clamping jaw 12 is disposed on a horizontal plane that is perpendicular, on the one hand, to the one comprising the sliding means 15 for the horizontal displacements of the bending head 3 with respect to the framework 2 and, on the other hand, to the one comprising the sliding means 16 allowing the vertical displacements of the bending head 3 with respect to the framework 2.

The guide support 20 comprises an element 21 provided on its bottom 22 with guides 23 and 24 intended to interact for interacting with rails 18 and 19, respectively, of the plate 17.

On its upper side 25 and in a perpendicular direction to that of the guides 23, 24, the element 21 of the support guide 20 is provided with parallel rails 26 and 27, each of which interacts with each of the guides a guide 28 and 29, respectively, in order to allow either the sliding or the immobilization of the latter ones guides 28 and 29 on the element 21.

The guide 28 comprises a recess 30 that can be partially cylindrical [[whose]] and that has an internal diameter depends on that corresponds to an outer diameter of the tube 5 which, during [[its]] bending, is held between the jaws of the bending roller 9 and of the clamping jaw 12.

The guide 29 is provided with a recess 31 that can be partially cylindrical [[whose]] and that has an internal diameter depends on that corresponds to an outer diameter of the tube 5 which, during [[its]] bending, is held between the jaws of the bending roller 9 and the clamping jaw 12.

The profile of the recesses 30, 31 of each guide 28, 29 depends on that corresponds to the outer diameter of the tube, which for bending that can present any exterior shape.

The guides 28 and 29 interact with the rails 26 and 27 in such a manner that their respective recesses 30 and 31 are arranged in opposite directions with respect to the horizontal axis of the machine 1, embodied by the tube 5.

Thus, the recess 30 of the guide 28 is turned [away] from the side of the bending roller 9, while recess 31 of the guide 29 is oriented in the direction of the clamping jaw 12 when the grip support 8 is positioned at the left of the tube 5.

It can be noted that the <u>The</u> number of the guides 28, 29 depends on the number of the jaws 10, 13 and 11, 14 installed on the tube bending machine 1.

It can be noted that the <u>The</u> height of the recesses 30 and 31 of the guides 28 and 29, respectively, are staggered with respect to each other, this staggering being caused by <u>due to</u> the position of the jaws 10, 13 and 11, 14 of the clamping jaw <u>12</u> on the bending arm 4.

In our example of a preferred embodiment, the guide 28 is applied against the tube 5 when the latter tube 5 is being bent by the jaws 10, 13 of the clamping jaw 12, while the guide 29 is applied against the tube 5 when the latter tube 5 is being bent by the jaws 11, 14 of the clamping jaw 12.

Under these conditions, the inverted position positions of the guides 28 and 29 allows to

effectuate on the same bending machine 1 to effectuate either a bending to the left, or counterclockwise, or a bending to the right, or clockwise, respectively.

Thus, with such a design, it can be easily understood that the jaws 10, 13 of the clamping jaw 12 and the guide 28 of the guide support 20 allow a bending of the tube $\underline{5}$ in a counterclockwise direction because the bending arm 4 rotates from left to right around the bending head 3.

On the other hand, the jaws 11, 14 of the clamping jaw 12 and the guide 29 of the guide support 20 enable the carrying out of a bending of the tube 5 in a clockwise direction because the bending arm 4 rotates from right to left around the bending head 3.

[[In]] FIGS. 4 to 7 <u>illustrate</u> are shown the various bending stages of the tube 5 in such a manner as to effectuate when the bending machine 1 effectuates a bending in a counterclockwise direction.

FIG. 4 shows the position of the tube 5 inside the jaws 10 and 13 of the clamping jaw 12 to effectuate a first bending. The guide 28 of the guide support 20 is in close contact against the tube 5 so that it is lodged in the recess 30.

FIG. 5 shows the bending of <u>the</u> tube 5 in a counterclockwise direction by means of [[the]] pivoting of the bending arm 4 around the bending head 3. The guide 28 allows the provides conveyance of the tube 5 that slides by allowing sliding the tube 5 inside of [[its]] the recess 30 due to by the rotation of the jaws 10, 13 of the clamping jaw 12.

FIG. 6 shows the opening of the clamping jaw 12, that is to say, by increasing the distance between the jaws 10 and 13 for the release of the bent portion of the tube 5. The opening of the clamping jaw 12 is effectuated by the sliding of the grip support 8 on the bending arm 4 in a tilted position. Next, the guide support 20 travels horizontally on the plate 17 to move [[away]] the guide 28 in order to release the tube 5 from the recess 30. Lastly, the carriage 6 causes the tube 5 to advance in order to release its bent portion from the jaw 13, which is securely fastened to the bending roller 9.

FIG. 7 shows the return of the bending arm 4 to its original position prior to the bending of the tube 5. The return of the bending arm 4 is effectuated with the clamping jaw 12 and the guide support 20 in the same position as positions described [[in]] with regard to FIG. 6.

FIGS. 8 to 10 show the various stages of bending the tube 5 so as to bending in a clockwise direction.

FIGS. 8 and 9 illustrate the release of the already bent tube 5 from the bending zone due to the displacement of the bending head 3.

First, the bending head 3 travels vertically towards the toward a lower part of the bending machine 1 so that the assembly of the bending head 3, the bending arm 4, and the guide support 20 is positioned below the tube 5 held in the carriage 6, which is securely fastened to the framework 2.

Second, the guide support 20 travels horizontally on the plate 17 [[for]] so that the guide 29 [[to be]] is positioned to the right of the tube 5 to be bent.

Third and in a simultaneous manner, the bending arm 4 swings around the bending head 3 in order to move the jaw 14 to the right of the tube 5, while the bending arm 3 moves through the action of via the sliding means 15 and 16 so as to be positioned at the level of the tube 5, the guide 29, and the jaws 11,14 of the clamping jaw 12.

FIG. 10 shows the position of the tube 5 inside the jaws 11 and 14 of the clamping jaw 12 for [[the]] carrying out [[of]] a second bending. The guide 29 of the guide support 20 is in close contact against the tube 5 [[for]] so that the tube [[to]] can be lodged in the recess 31.

The second bending of the tube 5 in a clockwise direction is carried out by the swinging of the bending arm 4 around the bending head 3. The guide 29 allows the provides conveyance of the tube 5 that slides by allowing sliding of the tube 5 inside [[its]] the recess 31 because of the by rotation of the jaws 11, 14 of the clamping jaw 12.

It can be noted that, because of <u>Due to</u> the position between the guides 28 and 29, the guide support 20 allows to effectuate on a standard bending machine 1 to effectuate the bending of a tube 5 in clockwise and counterclockwise directions.

It must be further understood that the foregoing description is given only by way of example and that it does not limit in the least the domain of the invention, which must be observed when substituting the details of embodiment described herein by others other equivalent ones.

ABSTRACT

A guide support for a tube bending machine comprising a base frame, a bending head, a bending arm, a bending roller, a locking jaw, sliding means for the displacement of the bending head in horizontal and vertical directions with respect to the base frame, at least two guides carried on an element and including recesses arranged in opposite directions with respect to the tube, guiding means for the element on the bending head, the guide element being guided in a horizontal translation motion on a plate securely fastened to the bending head, the guiding means being positioned adjacent a first surface of the element, and the at least two guides being arranged parallel to each other adjacent a second, opposite surface of the element. As a result of the guide support, either clockwise or counterclockwise bending can be effectuated on the same tube bending machine.